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Dark cutting beef Latest research for pasture-fed cattle

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Outline

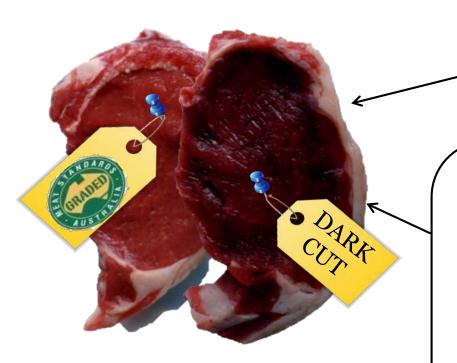
Dark cutting re-cap

- King Island experiment
 - Mycotoxins
 - Minerals





What's wrong with high pH meat?



Ultimate pH >5.7 Meat colour >3

\$\$\$ IMPACT ON INDUSTRY

Producer penalty:

avg \$0.59/kg HSCW

= **¥** \$17m per annum

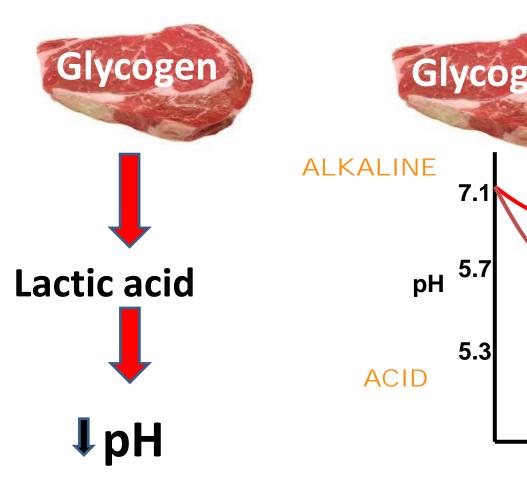
Australian beef industry

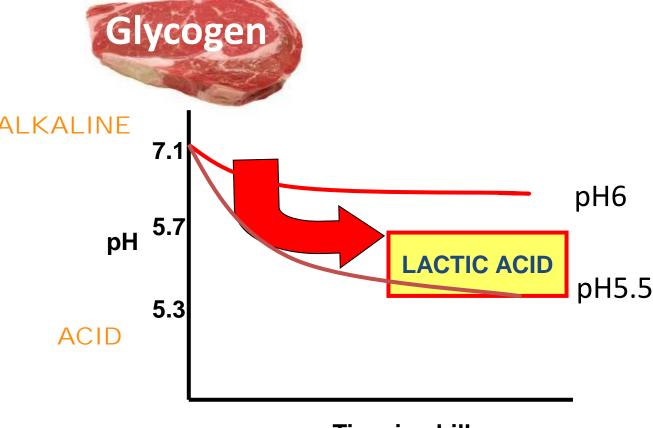
= **♦** \$55m per annum





Low muscle glycogen (energy) at slaughter



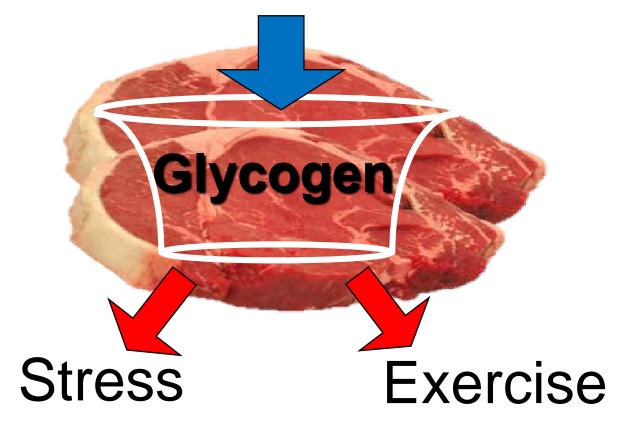






What dictates muscle glycogen?

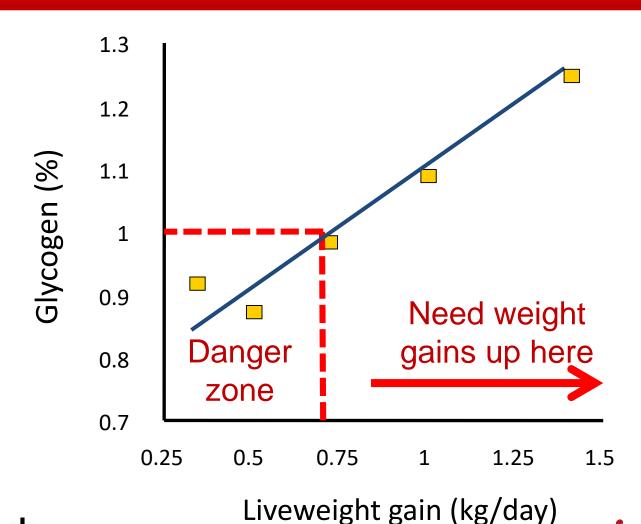
Nutrition







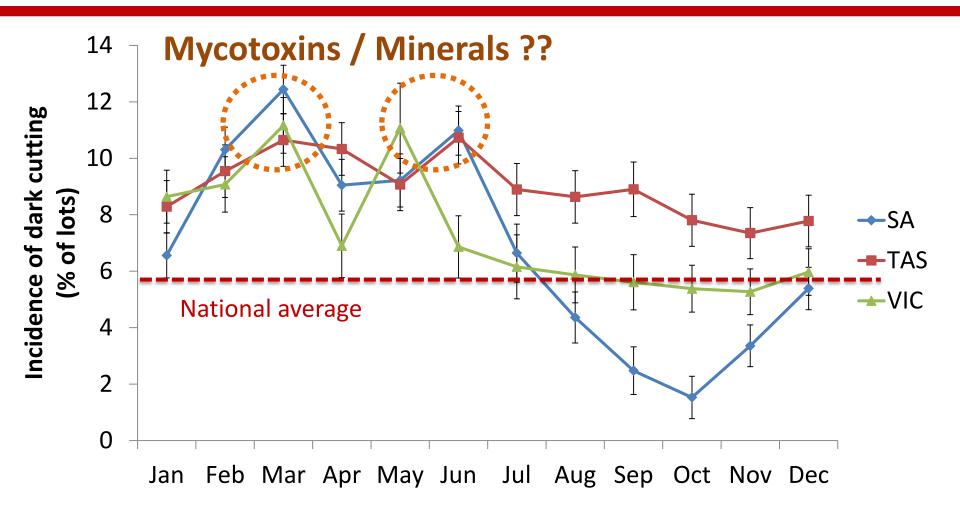
Predicting muscle glycogen







Incidence of dark cutting

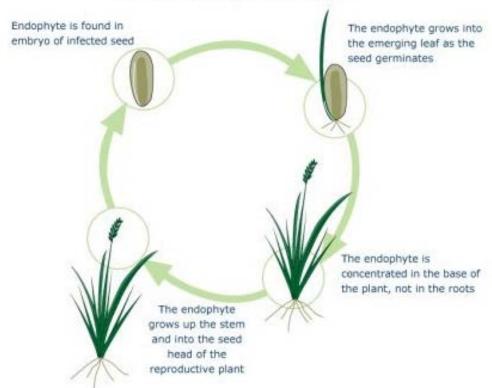






Endophytes

the endophyte life cycle



- Pest resistance
- Disease resistance
- Drought tolerance
- Can produce <u>mycotoxins</u> deleterious health effects
- Many classes of mycotoxins:
 - Lolitrem B
 - Ergovaline
 - Ochratoxins
 - Trichothecenes
 - Aflatoxins
 - Fumonsins
 - Zearaleones
 - Ergot Alkaloids



GASTROINTESTINAL

- Impaired rumen function
- Gastroenteritis
- Diarrhoea

THERMOREGULATION

Heat stress

NEUROTOXIC

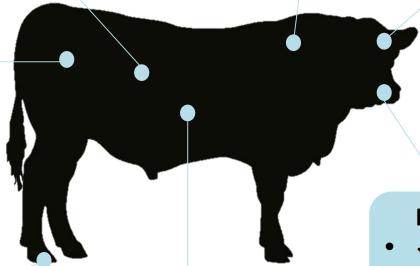
Convulsions

REPRODUCTIVE

- ↓ conception rate
- Embyronic loss
- Abortions
- testicular development
- **↓** sperm production

DERMAL

- Vasoconstriction
- Lameness (Laminitis)



PERFORMANCE ↓ feed intake

- ↓ feed efficiency
- ↓ ADG

IMMUNOSUPPRESSION LIVER DAMAGE





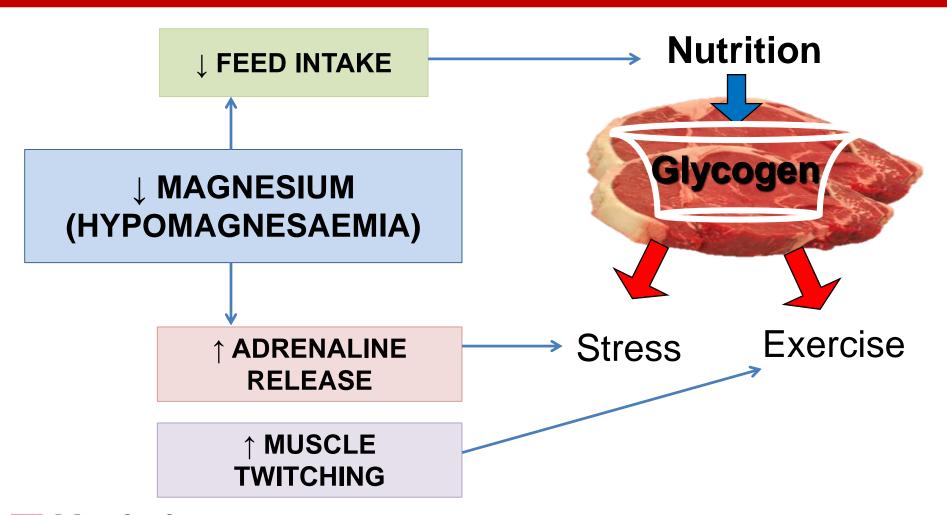
Magnesium – what is it all about?

Plays a key role in many systems





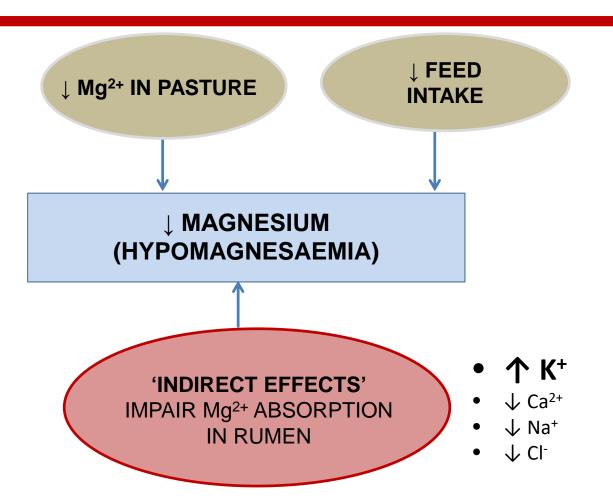
Magnesium – what is it all about?







What causes low magnesium?

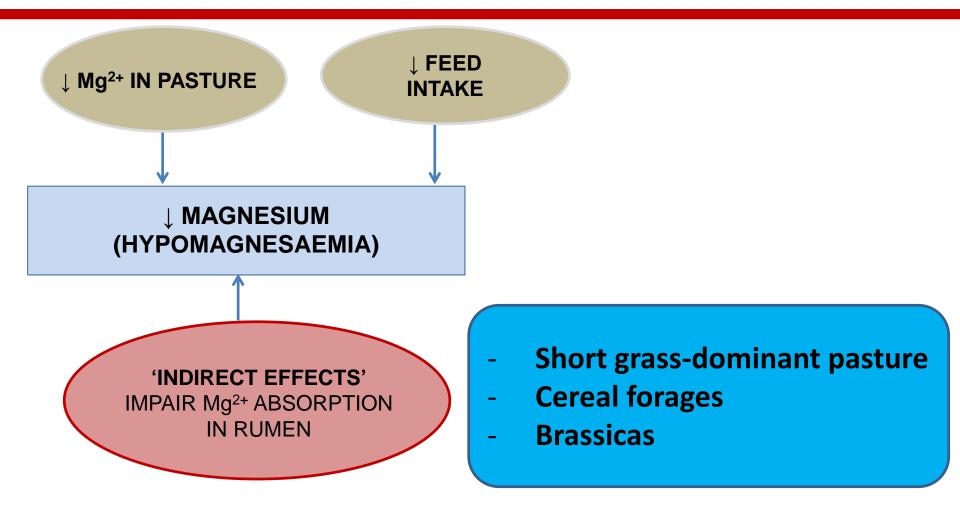


- ↑ protein ↓ energy
- ↑ moisture diet
- ↓ effective fibre
- 个 fertiliser K and N





What causes low magnesium?







King Island experiment

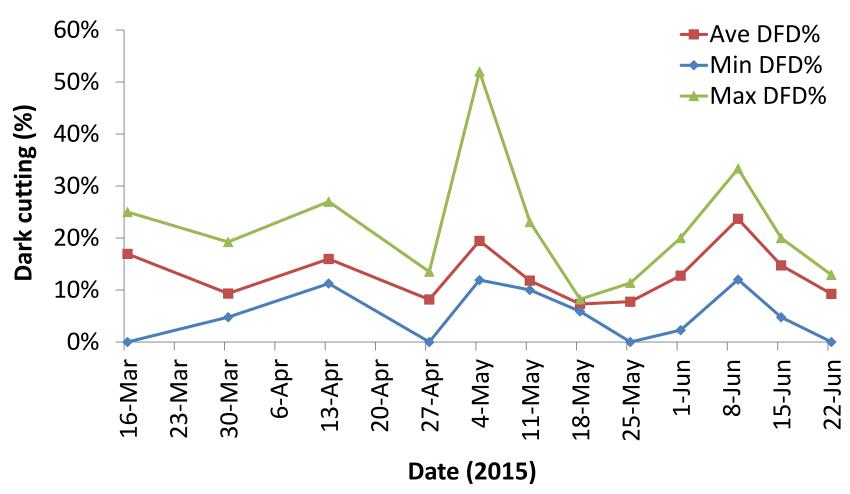
• 3185 cattle in 66 groups

Animal / management / environmental factors





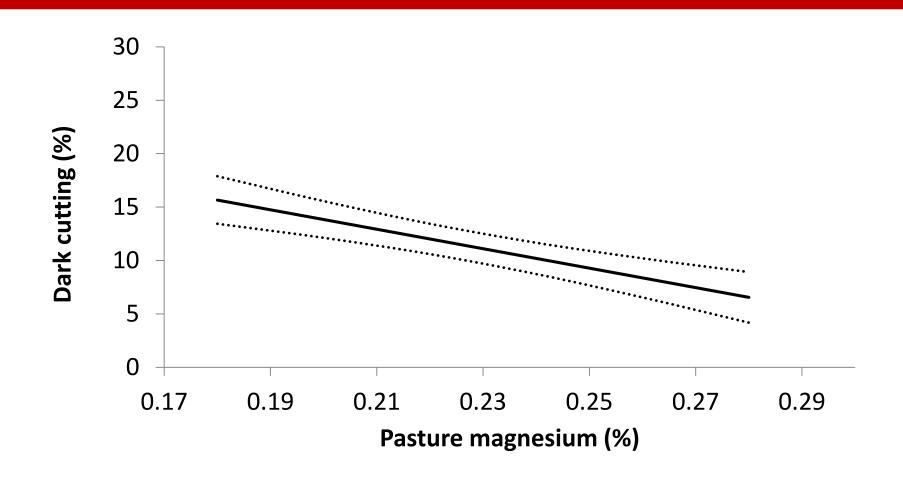
Average dark cutting rate







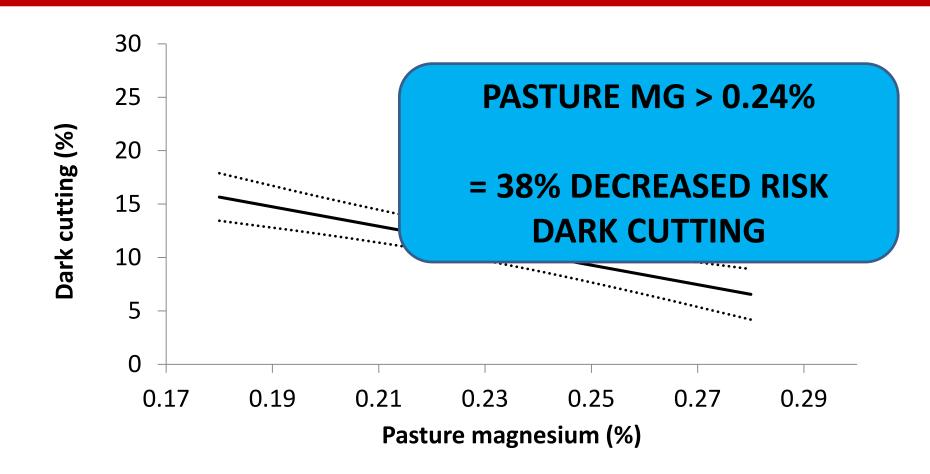
Results #1 Pasture magnesium







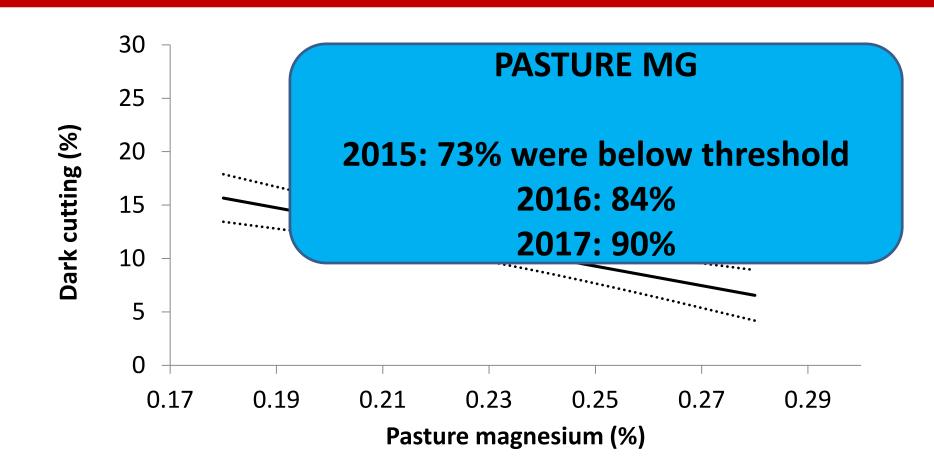
Results #1: Pasture magnesium







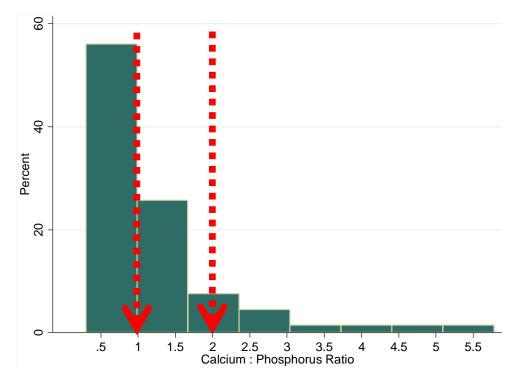
Results #1: Pasture magnesium







Pasture calcium



Bone, muscle function, immunity, energy

**Ca:P ratio CRITICAL Ideal 2:1

Minimum > 1:1

Calcium deficiency compounded by low magnesium!!

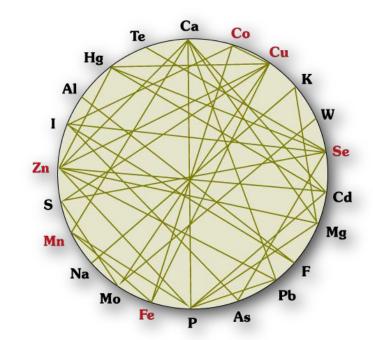
2015: 50% <1:1 (Autumn – Winter) 2016 and 2017: 100% < 1:1 (Winter)





What about the other minerals?

- King Island
 - Copper 10% deficient
 - Selenium 13% deficient
 - Zinc 54% deficient
- Copper and zinc: impact on MSA marble score and rib fat depth



High energy = greater fat deposition





Result #2: Water

 50% 个 risk dark cutting in mobs drinking dam water

- ↑ water palatability
 - = 个 water intake
 - = 个 feed intake
 - = 个 glycogen storage





Result #2: Water

 50% ↑ risk dark cutting in mobs drinking dam water

- Dam pumped straight into trough:
 - 10-16% ↑ growth rate

- Spring-fed / filtered into trough:
 - − 20% ↑ growth rate





Result #3: Supplementary feed

- ↑ Metabolisable energy
- ↑ Human habituation
- ↑ Effective fibre = slower rumen transit rate?
- Dilution of mycotoxins?





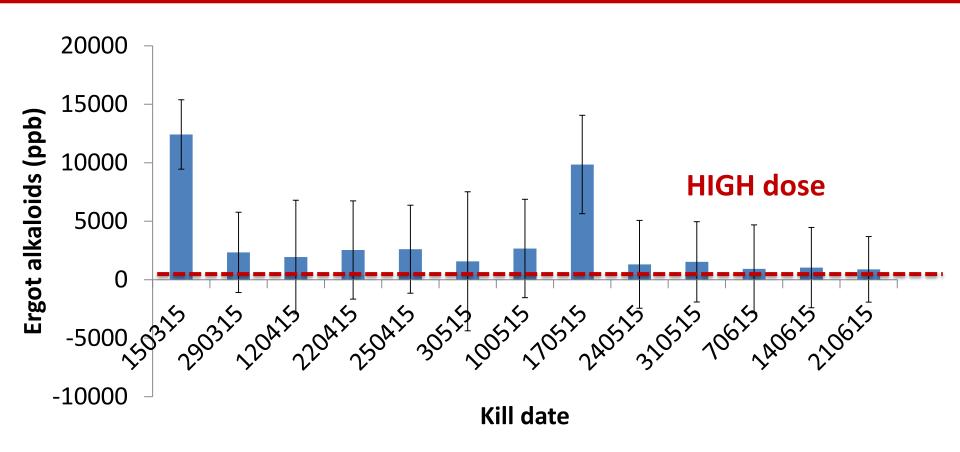
Result #4: Mycotoxins

- Are out there!
 - 66 pasture tested
 - 100% had >3 major families
 - 20% had all 6 major families
- My animals don't have staggers...
 - 64% Tasmanian beef farmers reported staggers
- SUBCLINICAL EFFECT IS THE GREATEST RISK





Result #4: Mycotoxins







What do we do with these results?

1. Magnesium

1. Mycotoxins





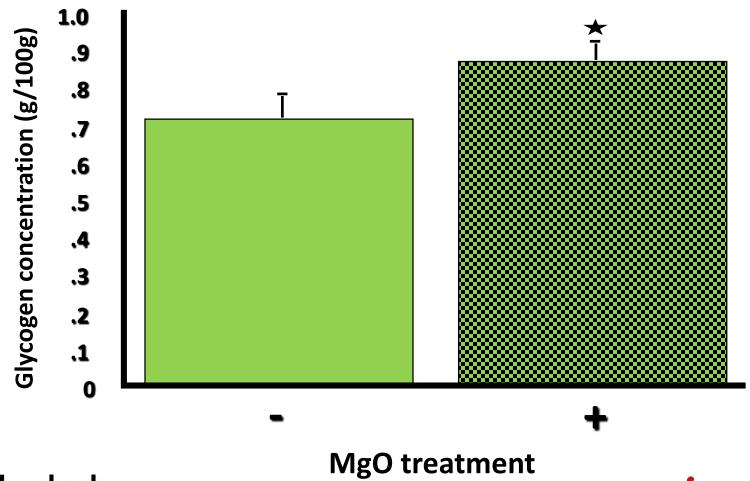
Pre-slaughter magnesium supplementation SHEEP

- Sheep: Graham Gardner Murdoch University
 - Short-term supplementation of MgO at 1.0% of the ration
 - Exercise trial
 - Slaughter muscle glycogen measurement





Pre-slaughter magnesium supplementation SHEEP







Pre-slaughter magnesium supplementation CATTLE

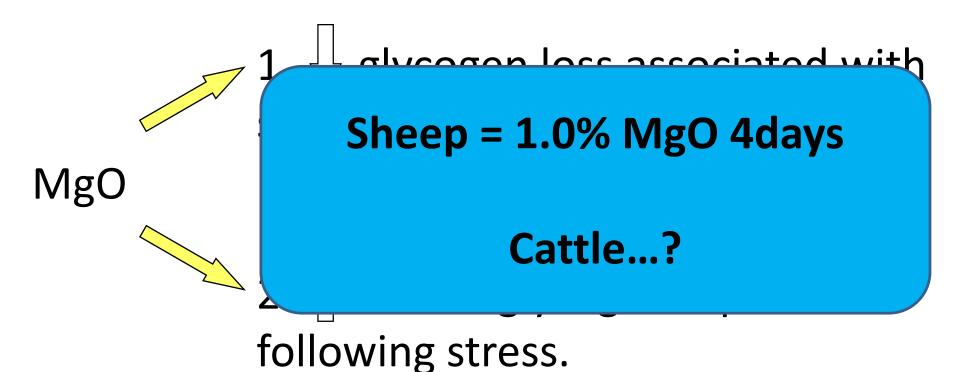
- King Island 2016 17
 - GM-free canola meal-based pellet
 - 46g MgSO4 + 9.5gm MgO / day

...no difference in muscle glycogen





Pre-slaughter magnesium supplementation







Mycotoxins

Pasture renovation with novel endophyte cultivars

- Mycotoxin binders
 - Adsorbents bind mycotoxins
 - Enzyme inactivation and conversion to non-toxic metabolites





Take home messages

- Pasture magnesium %
- Water source
- Supplementary feed (seven days before slaughter)
- Mycotoxins





Tools, resources & training

- Pasture mineral testing: \$80-100
 - Magnesium, calcium, sodium, potassium DM%
 - Grass tetany index: K / (Mg + Ca) >2.2 = high risk hypomagnesaemia

 Animal (liver) mineral testing: \$15 – \$20 / head at slaughter





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